

Singleclean®

COVID-19 Test Kit (Colloidal Gold Method)



INTENDED USE

The COVID-19 Test Kit (Colloidal Gold Method) is a solid phase immunochromatographic assay for the rapid, qualitative detection of antigen to 2019 Novel Coronavirus in human nasal cavity. This test provides only a preliminary result for self-testing. Therefore, any reactive specimen with the COVID-19 Test Kit (Colloidal Gold Method) must be confirmed with alternative testing method(s) and clinical findings.

PACK FORMATS

1 test/box
20 tests/box

INTRODUCTION

The novel coronaviruses belong to the β genus. COVID-19 is an acute respiratory infectious disease. People are generally susceptible. Currently, the patients infected by the novel coronavirus are the main source of infection; asymptotically infected people can also be an infectious source. Based on the current epidemiological investigation, the incubation period is 1 to 14 days, mostly 3 to 7 days. The main manifestations include fever, fatigue and dry cough. Nasal congestion, runny nose, sore throat, myalgia and diarrhea are found in a few cases.

PRINCIPLE

The COVID-19 Test Kit (Colloidal Gold Method) is a colloidal gold immunochromatographic assay. It detects the nucleocapsid protein on the surface of COVID-19. The test uses COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) antibody (testline T) and goat anti-mouse IgG (control line C) immobilised on a nitrocellulose strip. The burgundy colored conjugate pad contains colloidal gold conjugated to another COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) antibody conjugated with colloid gold and mouse IgG-gold conjugates. When the processed buffer containing the sample is added to the sample well, COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) will combine with the COVID-19 antibody conjugate to form an antigen-antibody complex. This complex migrates through nitrocellulose membrane by capillary action. When the complex meets the line of the COVID-19 antibody of test line T, the complex is trapped forming a burgundy colored band which confirms a reactive test result. Absence of a colored band in the test region indicates a non-reactive test result.

The test contains an internal control (C band) which should exhibit a burgundy colored band of the immunocomplex goat anti-mouse IgG/mouse IgG-gold conjugate regardless of the color development on any of the test bands. Otherwise, the test result is invalid and the specimen must be retested with another device.

MATERIALS COMPOSITION

COVID-19 Test Kit (Colloidal Gold Method) mainly contains the following composition:
COVID-19 antibody of Nucleocapsid protein
Goat anti-mouse IgG

Chloroauric acid
Nitrocellulose membrane

MATERIALS SUPPLIED

Sealed pouches each containing a test cassette, a desiccant

Sampling cotton swabs (for nasal cavity sampling only)

Antigen extract buffer

Antigen extraction tube

Paper workbench (The small one-test-box can be used as a workbench)

Instructions for use

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

Timer

STORAGE AND STABILITY

The kit can be stored at 4-30°C. The test device is stable through the expiration date printed on the sealed pouch.

The test device must remain in the sealed pouch until use.

Do not freeze.

Do not use beyond the expiration date.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

1. For non-professional self-testing use. Do not use after expiration date.

2. This package insert must be read completely before performing the test. Failure to follow the insert gives inaccurate test results.

3. Do not use if the tube/pouch is damaged or broken.

4. Testis for single use only. Do not re-use under any circumstances.

5. Humidity and temperature can adversely affect results.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION

1. COVID-19 Test kit (Colloidal Gold Method) can be performed using nasal cavity sampling.

2. Testing should be performed immediately after specimen collection.

3. Bring specimens to room temperature prior to testing.

TEST PROCEDURE

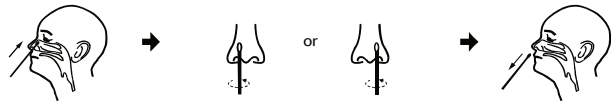
Allow test cassette, specimen, and Antigen extract buffer control to equilibrate to room temperature (15-25°C) prior to testing. Please wash and disinfect your hands before the test.

1. Remove the test cassette from the sealed pouch and use it as soon as possible. Best results will be obtained if the assay is performed within one hour.

2. Place the test device on a clean and level surface.

Operation process:

1. Remove the secretions on the surface of the anterior nasal cavity, keep the head slightly tilted, and gently and slowly insert the swab through the nasal cavity (about 2-4cm), Rotate gently 5 times, and gently rotate to remove the swab.



2. Place the antigen extraction tube on the workbench. Place the antigen extraction buffer bottle vertically downward, squeeze the bottle to make the buffer drip freely into the extraction tube without touching the edge of the tube, and add 6 drops (about 200ul) to the extraction tube.

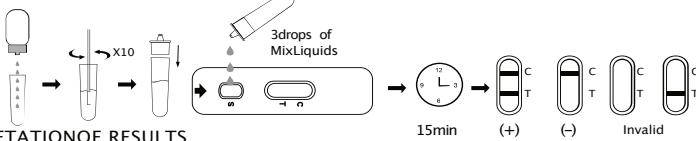
3. Put the swab specimen into the extraction tube pre-added with the antigen extraction buffer, and rotate the swab about 10 times while pressing the swab head against the tube wall to release the antigen in the swab, then let it stand for about 1 minute.

4. Remove the swab while squeezing the tip of the swab so that as much liquid in the swab can be discharged as possible.

5. Install the dropper on the extraction tube and cap it tightly, and let it stand for about 1 minute.

6. Open the aluminum foil bag and take out the test card, add 3 drops (about 100ul) into the sample hole of the test card (or use a pipette to add 100ul), and start the timer.

7. Wait for the colored line to appear. The result should be read in 15 minutes. Do not interpret the result after 20 minutes.



INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

NEGATIVE: If only the C band is present, the absence of any burgundy color in the T band indicates that no COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) antigen is detected in the specimen. The result is negative.

If the test result is negative:

Continue to follow all applicable rules regarding contact with others and protective measures.

Even if the test is negative, an infection may be present.

In case of suspicion, repeat the test after 1-2 days, because the Coronavirus cannot be accurately detected at all stages of infection.

COVID-19 positive:

If the C and T band is present, the test indicates for the presence of COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) antigen in the specimen. The result is COVID-19 positive.

There is currently a suspicion of a COVID-19 infection.

Contact physician/family physician or local health department immediately.

Follow local guidelines for self-isolation.

Have a PCR confirmatory test performed.

INVALID:

Control line fails to appear. Insufficient specimen volume or incorrect procedural techniques are the most likely reasons for control line failure. Review the procedure and repeat the test with a new test cassette. If the problem persists, discontinue using the test kit immediately and contact your local distributor.

In case of an invalid test result:

Possibly advance warning due to incorrect test performance.

Repeat the test.

If test results are still invalid, contact a physician or a COVID-19-Test Center.

LIMITATIONS

1. Use fresh samples whenever possible.

2. Optimal assay performance requires strict adherence to the assay procedure described in this insert sheet. Deviations may lead to aberrant results.

3. A negative result for an individual subject indicates absence of detectable COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) antigen. However, a negative test result does not preclude the possibility of exposure to or infection with COVID-19.

4. A negative result can occur if the quantity of the COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) antigen present in the specimen is below the detection limits of the assay, or failed to collect the COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) antigen in the nasal cavity of the patient.

5. The test kit provides a self-assessment. A confirmed diagnosis should only be made by a physician after all clinical and laboratory findings have been evaluated.

6. Only use for in vitro diagnostic, and cannot be reused.

7. The antigen extract buffer is used to extract specimens, and shall not be used internal or external by humans or animals. Swallowing will cause a serious accident. If happens, please seek medical attention immediately. The antigen extract is irritating to eyes and skin, if splashed into eyes accidentally, please rinse with water soon. If necessary, consult a doctor and maintain ventilation during the procedure.

8. This product is only used for self-testing by people aged 18-60. Elderly or minors please use it with their guardian.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Clinical Sensitivity, Specificity and Accuracy

The results of the COVID-19 Test Kit (Colloidal Gold Method) were compared to results of RT-PCR assays for SARS-CoV-2 in nasal swab specimens. A total of 499 nasal cavity specimens were tested in this study. The COVID-19 clinical specimens contain specimens from individuals with symptoms within 7 days. The results of test reagent both were 350 negative specimens and 149 positive specimens. The sensitivity and specificity calculated were valid in this study.

Table 1: COVID-19 Test Kits PCR

Method	PCR results		Total
	Positive	Negative	
COVID-19-Testkit	Positive 146	1	147
	Negative 3	349	352
Total	149	350	499
Sensitivity	97.99%	95% confidence interval	94.25% -99.31%
Specificity	99.71 %	95% confidence interval	98.40% -99.95%
Accuracy	99.20 %	95% confidence interval	97.96% -99.69%

Limit of Detection (LOD)

LOD studies determine the lowest detectable concentration of SARS-CoV-2 at which approximately 95% of all (true positive) replicates test positive. Heat inactivated SARS-CoV-2 virus, with a stock concentration of 7.8x10⁷ TCID₅₀/mL, was spiked into negative specimen and serially diluted. Each dilution was run in triplicate on the COVID-19 Test Kit. The Limit of Detection of the COVID-19 Test kit is 9.75 x 10² TCID₅₀/mL (Table 2).

Table 2: Limit of Detection (LOD) Study Results

Concentration	Concentration	Concentration
9.75 x 10 ² TCID ₅₀ /mL	20/20	100%

2. High Dose Hook Effect

No high dose hook effect was observed when testing up to a concentration of 7.8 x 10⁷ TCID₅₀/mL of heat inactivated SARS-CoV-2 virus.

3. Cross Reactivity

Cross reactivity with the following organisms has been studied. Samples positive for the following organisms were found negative when tested with the COVID-19 Test Kit.

Table 3: Cross Reactivity Study Results

PPathogens	Concentration	Influenza A H5N1 virus	1.95 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL
Human Coronavirus 229E	1 x 10 ⁶ PFU /mL	Influenza B Yamagata	1.3 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL
Human Coronavirus OC43	1 x 10 ⁶ PFU /mL	Influenza B Victoria	2.6 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL
Human Coronavirus HKU1	1 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL	Haemophilus influenzae	3.8 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL
Human Coronavirus NL63	1 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL	Rhinovirus (type 2)	1 x 10 ⁵ PFU/mL
Adenovirus (type 5)	1.8 x 10 ⁵ PFU/mL	Rhinovirus (type 14)	3.8 x 10 ⁵ PFU/mL
Adenovirus (type 7)	3.2 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL	Rhinovirus (type 16)	5.5 x 10 ⁵ PFU/mL
Adenovirus (type 18)	1.6 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL	Respiratory syncytial virus (type A-2)	2.8 x 10 ⁵ PFU /mL
Human metapneumovirus (hMPV)	1.5 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL	Streptococcus pneumoniae	2.3 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL
Parainfluenza virus (type 1)	1.8 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL	Streptococcus thermophilus	3.8 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL
Influenza A H1N1 virus	2.1 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL	Mycoplasma pneumoniae	4.5 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL
Influenza A H3N2 virus	1.8 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL	Chlamydia pneumoniae	6.3 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL

4. Interfering substance

The following substances, naturally present in respiratory specimens or that may be artificially introduced into the nasopharynx, were evaluated COVID-19 Test kit at the concentrations listed below and were found not to affect test performance.

Table 4: Interfering Substance Study Results

Substance	Concentration	Ibuprofen	200ug/mL
Hemoglobin	2mg/mL	Morpholine Hydrochloride	200ug/mL
Mucin	2mg/mL	Cephalosin	3ug/mL
Human Anti-mouse Antibody (HAMA)	5mg/L	Kanamycin	3ug/mL
Biotin	10mg/mL	tetracycline	3ug/mL
Mucus	500ug/mL	Chlramphenicol	3ug/mL
Gentamicin	3ug/mL	Erythromycin	3ug/mL
Sodium Cromdlyn	120ug/mL	Vancomycin	3ug/mL
Oxymetazoline Hydrochloride	60ug/mL	Nalidixic acid	3ug/mL
Phenylephrine Hydrochloride	200ug/mL	Hydrocortisone	3ug/mL
N-Acetyl Paraaminophend	200ug/mL	Human insulin	3ug/mL
Aspirin	30ug/mL	Beta-propiolactone	30ug/mL

5. Microbial Interference

To evaluate whether potential microorganisms in clinical samples interfere with the detection of COVID-19 Test Kit so as to produce false negative results. Each pathogenic microorganism was tested in triplicate in the presence of heat inactivated SARS-CoV-2 virus (9.75x10²TCID₅₀/mL). No cross reactivity or interference was seen with the microorganisms listed in the table below.

Table 5: Microbial Interference Study Results

PPathogens	Concentration	Influenza A H5N1 virus	1.95 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL
Human Coronavirus 229E	1 x 10 ⁶ PFU /mL	Influenza B Yamagata	1.3 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL
Human Coronavirus OC43	1 x 10 ⁶ PFU /mL	Influenza B Victoria	2.6 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL
Human Coronavirus HKU1	1 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL	Haemophilus influenzae	3.8 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL
Human Coronavirus NL63	1 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL	Rhinovirus (type 2)	1 x 10 ⁵ PFU/mL
Adenovirus (type 5)	1.8 x 10 ⁵ PFU/mL	Rhinovirus (type 14)	3.8 x 10 ⁵ PFU/mL
Adenovirus (type 7)	3.2 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL	Rhinovirus (type 16)	5.5 x 10 ⁵ PFU/mL
Adenovirus (type 18)	1.6 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL	Respiratory syncytial virus (type A-2)	2.8 x 10 ⁵ PFU /mL
Human metapneumovirus (hMPV)	1.5 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL	Streptococcus pneumoniae	2.3 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL
Parainfluenza virus (type 1)	1.8 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL	Streptococcus thermophilus	3.8 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL
Influenza A H1N1 virus	2.1 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL	Mycoplasma pneumoniae	4.5 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL
Influenza A H3N2 virus	1.8 x 10 ⁵ TCID ₅₀ /mL	Chlamydia pneumoniae	6.3 x 10 ⁶ PFU/mL

REFERENCE

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EC REP	Authorized Representative	Store between 4-30°C	IVD	For In vitro diagnostic use only	Consult instructions for use
Do not reuse	LOT	Lot Number	Do not use if package is damaged	Use by	

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